

$$\frac{D}{Dt}\rho = \nabla \cdot \rho \underline{v}$$

$$\frac{D}{Dt}\rho \underline{v} = -\nabla P - \nabla \cdot \underline{\underline{\tau}} + \rho \underline{g} \quad \text{Eq. di continuità, Eq. del moto}$$

Moti bidimensionali, Funzione di Flusso

$$\left. \begin{aligned} v_x &= v_x(x, y, t) \\ v_y &= v_y(x, y, t) \\ P &= P(x, y, t) \end{aligned} \right\} \text{incognite}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \rho \frac{D}{Dt} v_x &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} v_x + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} v_x \right) \\ \rho \frac{D}{Dt} v_y &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} v_y + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} v_y \right) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} v_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} v_y &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{equazioni}$$

Eq. del moto per $\mu = \text{cost}$, Eq. di continuità per $\rho = \text{cost}$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\rho \frac{D}{Dt} v_x \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(-\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \wp \right) + \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} v_x + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} v_x \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\rho \frac{D}{Dt} v_y \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(-\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \wp \right) + \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} v_y + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} v_y \right) \quad \text{sottraendo si elimina la pressione}$$

$$\rho \frac{D}{Dt} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial y} v_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} v_y \right) = \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} v_x + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} v_x - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} v_y - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} v_y \right)$$

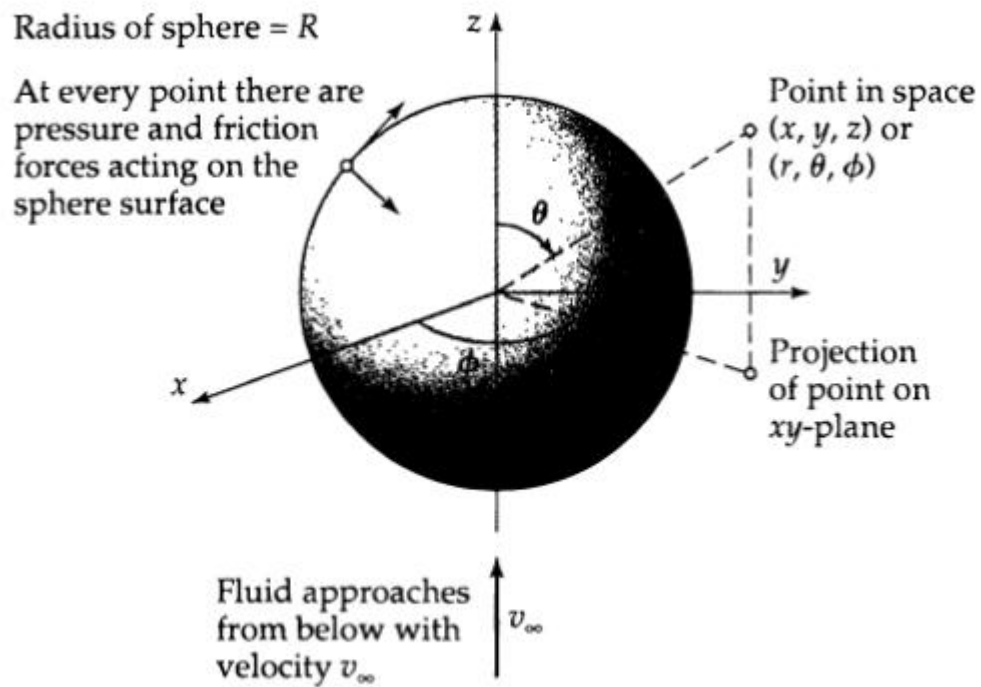
$$v_x = -\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \psi, v_y = +\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(-\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \psi \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(+\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi \right) = 0 \quad \text{soddisfa Eq. di continuità}$$

$$\rho \frac{D}{Dt} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \psi + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \psi \right) = \mu \left(2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \psi + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \psi + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \psi \right)$$

$$\rho \frac{D}{Dt} (\nabla^2 \psi) = \mu \nabla^2 (\nabla^2 \psi) = \mu \nabla^4 \psi$$

Moto viscoso intorno a una sfera ($Re < 1$), bidimensionale in (r, θ) , $v_\phi = 0$

Creeping flow around a sphere 2.6 BLS pag.58



$$E^4 \psi = E^2 (E^2 \psi) = 0$$

$$E^2 \equiv \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} + \frac{\sin \theta}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

$$\begin{cases} r \rightarrow \infty & \psi = \psi_\infty \\ r = R & \psi = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$v_r = -\frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \psi, v_\theta = \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \psi$$

$$\begin{cases} r \rightarrow \infty \\ v_\theta = \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \psi = -v_\infty \sin \theta \\ \psi(r, \theta) = -v_\infty \frac{r^2}{2} \sin^2 \theta + c_1(\theta) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} r \rightarrow \infty \\ v_r = -\frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \psi = v_\infty \cos \theta \\ \psi(r, \theta) = -v_\infty r^2 \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{2} + c_2(r) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} r \rightarrow \infty \\ \psi(r, \theta) = -v_\infty \frac{r^2}{2} \sin^2 \theta \end{cases}$$

Hp. $\psi(r, \theta) = f(r) \sin^2 \theta$

$$E^4 \psi = 0$$

$$E^2 \psi = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (f \sin^2 \theta) + \frac{\sin \theta}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (f \sin^2 \theta) \right) = \sin^2 \theta \frac{d^2}{dr^2} f - \frac{2 \sin^2 \theta}{r^2} f$$

$$E^2 \psi = \sin^2 \theta \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \right) f$$

$$E^4 \psi = \sin^2 \theta \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \right) \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \right) f$$

$$E^4 \psi = g(r) \sin^2 \theta = 0 \quad \forall \theta, r \Rightarrow g(r) = 0 \quad \forall r$$

$$\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \right) \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \right) f = 0 \quad \forall r$$

Hp. $f(r) = r^n$

$$\frac{d}{dr} f = nr^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dr^2} f = n(n-1)r^{n-2}$$

$$\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2}\right)\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2}\right)f = \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2}\right)\left(n(n-1)r^{n-2} - \frac{2r^n}{r^2}\right) = \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2}\right)(n(n-1)-2)r^{n-2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dr}r^{n-2} = (n-2)r^{n-3}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dr^2}r^{n-2} = (n-2)(n-3)r^{n-4}$$

$$\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2}\right)\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} - \frac{2}{r^2}\right)f = (n(n-1)-2)\left((n-2)(n-3)r^{n-4} - \frac{2}{r^2}r^{n-2}\right) =$$

$$= (n(n-1)-2)((n-2)(n-3)-2)r^{n-4} \quad \forall r$$

$$(n(n-1)-2)((n-2)(n-3)-2) = 0$$

$$n = -1; n = 2; n = 1; n = 4 \quad r^{-1}; r^2; r^1; r^4$$

$$\psi = (Ar^{-1} + Br^1 + Cr^2 + Dr^4)\sin^2\theta$$

$$\begin{cases} r \rightarrow \infty \\ \psi(r, \theta) = -v_\infty \frac{r^2}{2} \sin^2\theta \end{cases}$$

$$D = 0$$

$$C = -v_\infty \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\psi = \left(Ar^{-1} + Br^1 - v_\infty \frac{r^2}{2}\right)\sin^2\theta$$

$$r = R \quad v_r = 0 \quad v_\theta = 0$$

$$v_r = -\frac{1}{r^2 \sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \psi = -\frac{1}{r^2 \sin\theta} \left(Ar^{-1} + Br^1 - v_\infty \frac{r^2}{2}\right) 2\sin\theta \cos\theta =$$

$$= -\left(Ar^{-3} + Br^{-1} - v_\infty \frac{1}{2}\right) 2\cos\theta$$

$$v_r|_{r=R} = -\left(AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_\infty \frac{1}{2}\right) 2\cos\theta = 0 \quad \forall \theta$$

$$\left(AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \right) = 0$$

$$v_{\theta} = \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \Psi = \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \sin^2 \theta \left(-Ar^{-2} + B - v_{\infty} 2 \frac{r}{2} \right) =$$

$$= \sin \theta \left(-Ar^{-3} + Br^{-1} - v_{\infty} \right)$$

$$v_{\theta}|_{r=R} = \sin \theta \left(-AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \right) = 0 \quad \forall \theta$$

$$\left(-AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \right) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \left(AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \right) + \left(-AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \right) = 0 \\ \left(AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \right) - \left(-AR^{-3} + BR^{-1} - v_{\infty} \right) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2BR^{-1} - \frac{3}{2}v_{\infty} = 0 \\ 2AR^{-3} + \frac{1}{2}v_{\infty} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} B = \frac{3}{4}Rv_{\infty} \\ A = -\frac{1}{4}R^3v_{\infty} \end{cases}$$

$$\Psi = \left(-\frac{1}{4}R^3v_{\infty}r^{-1} + \frac{3}{4}Rv_{\infty}r^1 - v_{\infty} \frac{r^2}{2} \right) \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\Psi = v_{\infty}R^2 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 \right) \sin^2 \theta$$

$$v_r = - \left(Ar^{-3} + Br^{-1} - v_{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \right) 2 \cos \theta$$

$$v_r = - \left(-\frac{1}{4}R^3v_{\infty}r^{-3} + \frac{3}{4}Rv_{\infty}r^{-1} - v_{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \right) 2 \cos \theta$$

$$v_r = -v_\infty \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} - 1 \right) \cos \theta = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right)$$

$$v_\theta = \sin \theta \left(-\frac{1}{4} R^3 v_\infty r^{-3} + \frac{3}{4} R v_\infty r^{-1} - v_\infty \right)$$

$$v_\theta = v_\infty \sin \theta \left(+\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} - 1 \right) = -v_\infty \sin \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right)$$

Pressione

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 0 &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} v_r + \frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r - \frac{2v_r}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} v_r + \frac{\cot \theta}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_r - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_\theta - \frac{2v_\theta \cot \theta}{r^2} \right) \\ 0 &= -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} v_\theta + \frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_\theta - \frac{v_\theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} v_\theta + \frac{\cot \theta}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_\theta + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_r \right) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r + \frac{2v_r}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_\theta + \frac{v_\theta \cot \theta}{r} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$v_r = v_\infty \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right) \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_r = -v_\infty \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right) \sin \theta = -v_r \tan \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} v_r = -v_\infty \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right) \cos \theta = -v_r$$

$$0 = -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} v_r + \frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r - \frac{2v_r}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} v_r - \frac{1}{r^2} v_r - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_\theta - \frac{2v_\theta \cot \theta}{r^2} \right)$$

$$v_\theta = -v_\infty \sin \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} v_\theta = -v_\infty \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right) \cos \theta = v_\theta \cot \theta$$

$$0 = -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} v_r + \frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r - \frac{4v_r}{r^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} v_\theta \cot \theta - \frac{2v_\theta \cot \theta}{r^2} \right)$$

$$0 = -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \wp + \mu \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} v_r + \frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r - \frac{4}{r^2} (v_r + v_\theta \cot \theta) \right)$$

$$(v_r + v_\theta \cot \theta) = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right) - v_\infty \cos \theta \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right)$$

$$(v_r + v_\theta \cot \theta) = v_\infty \cos \theta \left(-\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-1} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right)$$

$$-\frac{4}{r^2} (v_r + v_\theta \cot \theta) = \frac{1}{R^2} v_\infty \cos \theta \left(3 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} - 3 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-5} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r = \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial}{\partial (r/R)} v_r = \frac{1}{R} v_\infty \cos \theta \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-2} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-4} \right)$$

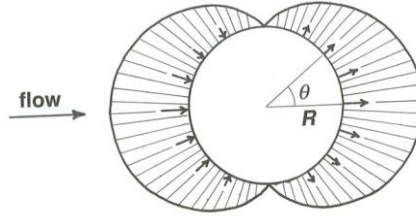
$$\frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r = \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial}{\partial (r/R)} v_r = \frac{1}{R^2} v_\infty \cos \theta \left(3 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} - 3 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-5} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} v_r = \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial}{\partial (r/R)} \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial}{\partial (r/R)} v_r = \frac{1}{R^2} v_\infty \cos \theta \left(-3 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} + 6 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-5} \right)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \wp = \mu \frac{1}{R^2} v_\infty \cos \theta \left(3 \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-3} \right) \\ r \rightarrow \infty \quad \wp = \wp_\infty \end{cases}$$

$$\wp(r, \theta) - \wp_\infty = \mu \frac{1}{R} v_\infty \cos \theta \left(-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{-2} \right)$$

La distribuzione delle pressioni sulla superficie della sfera è



$$\varphi(R, \theta) - \varphi_\infty = -\frac{3}{2} \mu \frac{1}{R} v_\infty \cos \theta$$

Forza di sollevamento

$$F_N = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi \left(-(\varphi + \tau_{rr}) \Big|_{r=R} \cos \theta \right) R^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi = 3\pi \mu R v_\infty \int_0^\pi \cos^2 \theta \sin \theta d\theta =$$

$$= 3\pi \mu R v_\infty \left(-\frac{1}{3} \cos^3 \theta \Big|_0^\pi \right) = 2\pi \mu R v_\infty$$

$$\tau_{rr} = -\mu \left(2 \frac{\partial}{\partial r} v_r - \frac{2}{3} \nabla \cdot \underline{v} \right)$$

$$(\tau_{rr}) \Big|_{r=R} = 0$$

$$F_T = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi \left(\tau_{r\theta} \Big|_{r=R} \sin \theta \right) R^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi = 2\pi \frac{3}{2} \mu R v_\infty \int_0^\pi \sin^3 \theta d\theta =$$

$$= 3\pi \mu R v_\infty \left(\frac{1}{12} (\cos(3\theta) - 9 \cos \theta) \Big|_0^\pi \right) = 4\pi \mu R v_\infty$$

$$\tau_{r\theta} = -\mu \left(r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{1}{r} v_\theta \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (v_r) \right)$$

$$(\tau_{r\theta}) \Big|_{r=R} = \frac{3}{2} \mu \frac{1}{R} v_\infty \sin \theta$$

$$F = \frac{4}{3} \pi \rho g R^3 + \underbrace{2\pi \mu R v_\infty + 4\pi \mu R v_\infty}_{Stokes}$$